

## Parking Strategy Overview

#### **Project Overview**

Downtown Bainbridge Island has unique parking conditions due to its island location, its proximity to Seattle, its seasonal tourism, and the presence of a well-trafficked commuter ferry terminal adjacent to Downtown. The City of Bainbridge Island is undergoing a study to look at the on- and off-street parking system in Downtown. The project will include data collection and analysis, findings, public outreach, stakeholder engagement, task force meetings, and recommended strategies. The study will help the City gain a better understanding of how efficiently the parking system is being used, where there is capacity in the system, and what solutions can be implemented to improve the parking experience and support the City's goals for Downtown. The study will consider how the parking system interacts with street circulation and other modes of travel, such as by bus, ferry, bicycle, or foot.

#### Study Area



#### **Timeline**



### Agenda

- » Open House 6:30 7:00
- » Presentation 7:00 7:30
- » Q & A 7:30 7:45
- » Wrap-up 7:45 8:00





To sign up for the email listserv go to the project webpage:

http://www.bainbridgewa.gov/937/ Downtown-Parking-Study

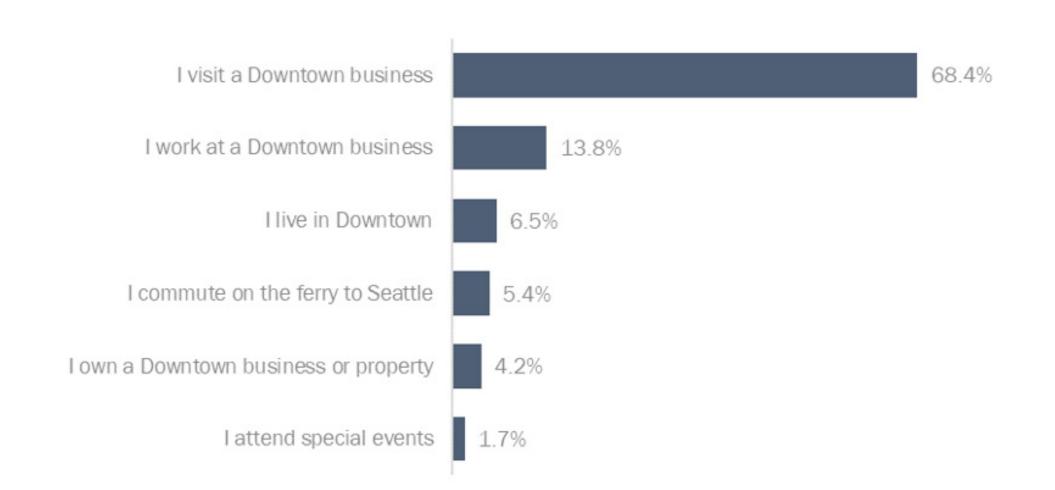
#### **City Staff Contacts:**

Chris Hammer, Engineering Manager, chammer@bainbridgewa.gov Kellie Stickney Communications Manager, kstickney@bainbridgewa.gov

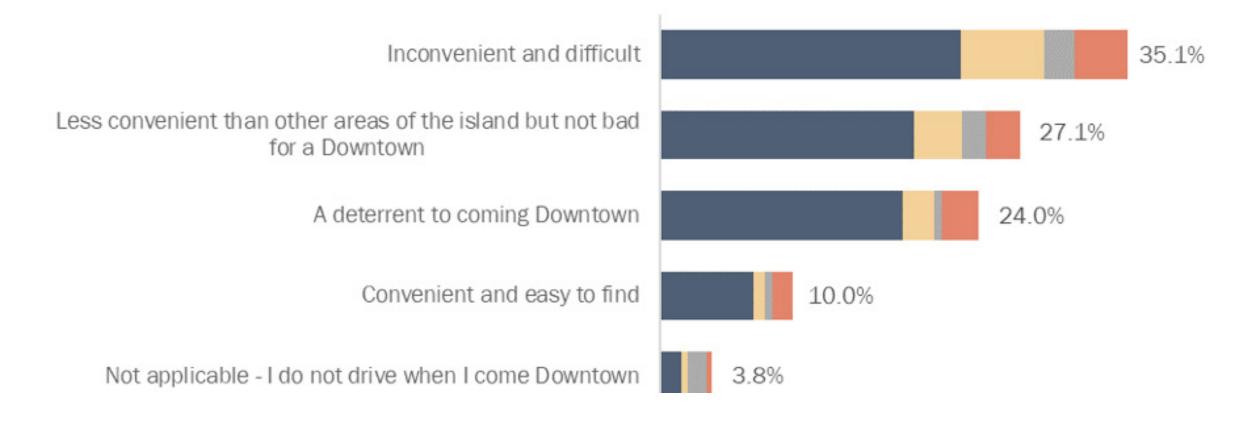


## Survey Results

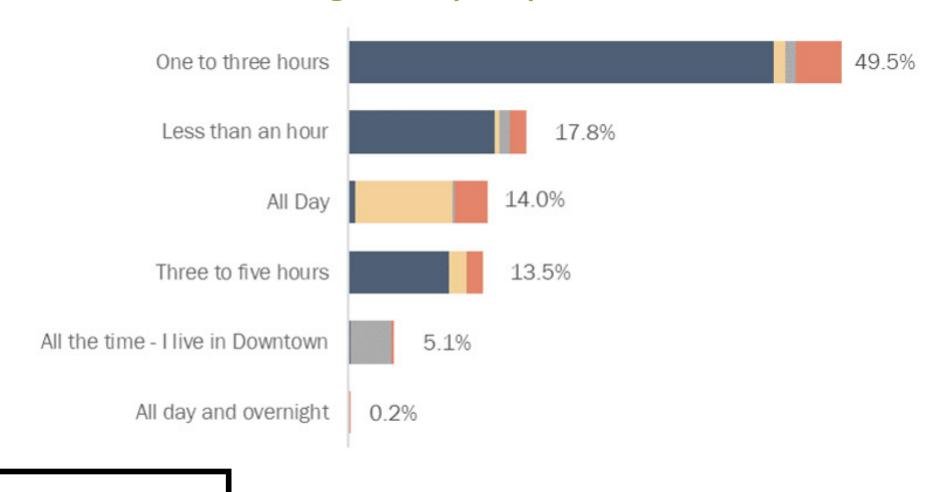
#### 1. The primary reason I go to Downtown Bainbridge Island is:



3. I find the parking experience in Downtown to be:

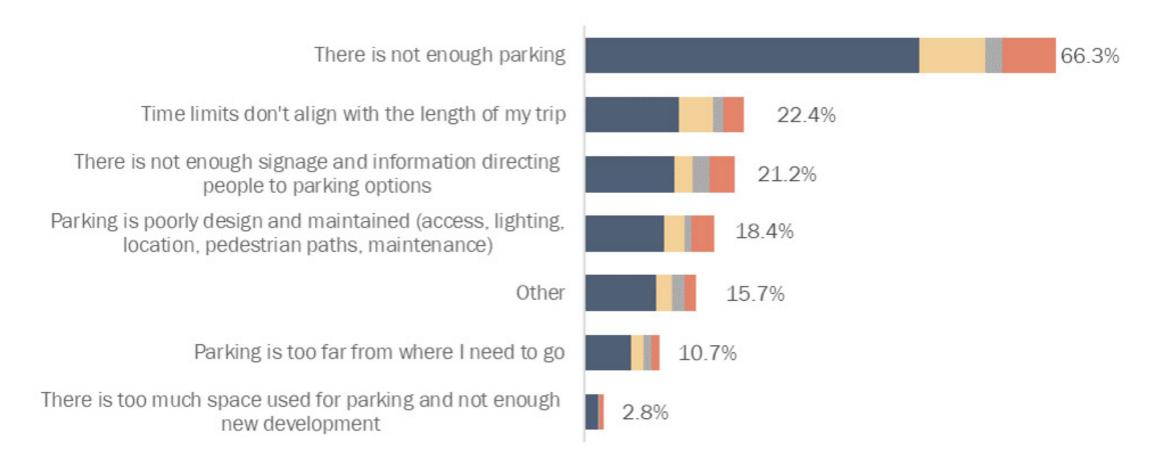


4. When I come to Downtown, I generally stay:

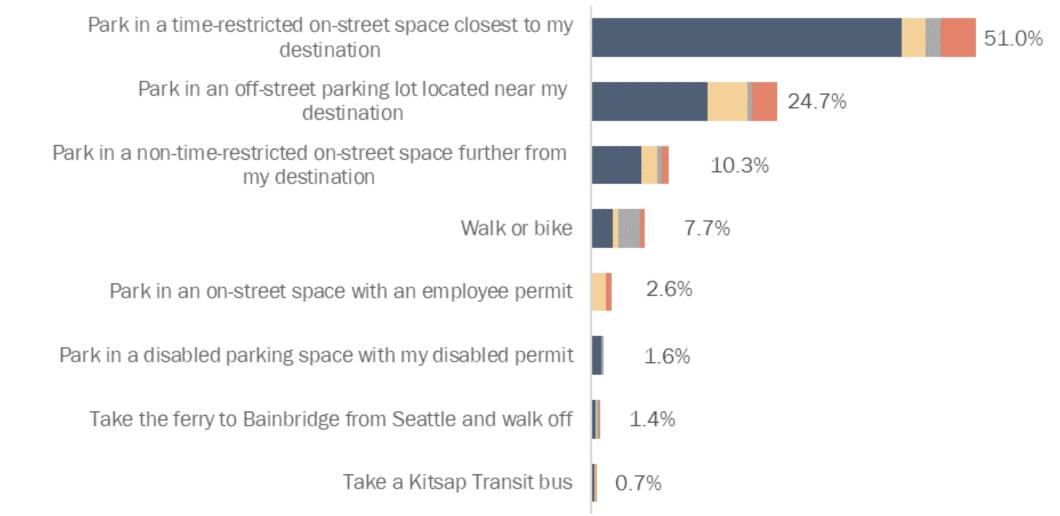


■ Visit Downtown business

5. The parking strategy will address parking challenges to improve parking in Downtown Bainbridge Island. We are interested in understanding what people see as the biggest parking challenges (select all that apply).

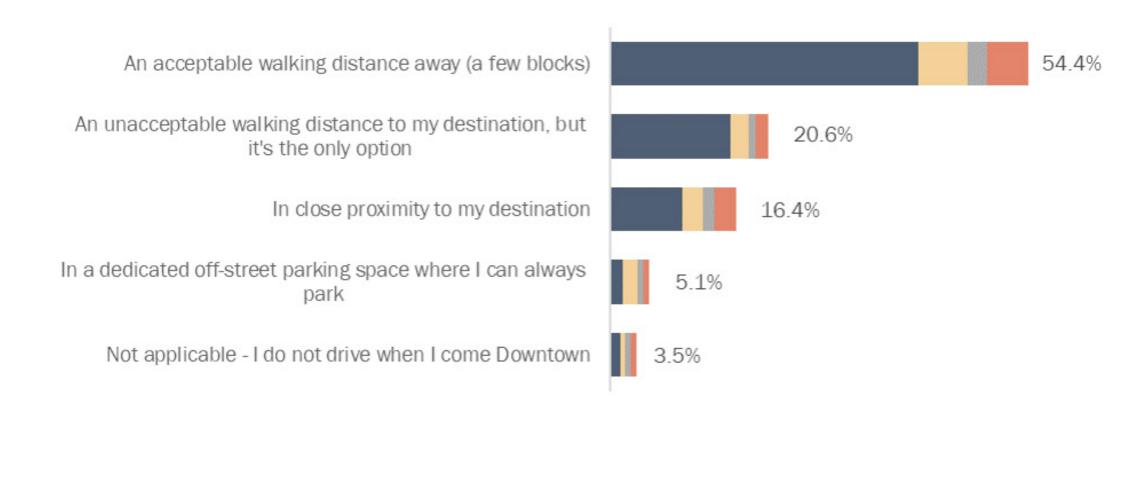


#### 8. When I go Downtown, I generally



#### 9. I generally find parking:

Work at a Downtown business



Other

■ Live in Downtown

## Key Findings:

- » 35% Parking is Inconvenient and Difficult
- » 66% Not Enough Parking Downtown
- » 50% Park On-Street Close to Destination
- » Most Difficult on Summer Weekends and Weekdays
- » Confusion about Off-Street Parking Options
- » 45% More Off-Street Structured
  Parking

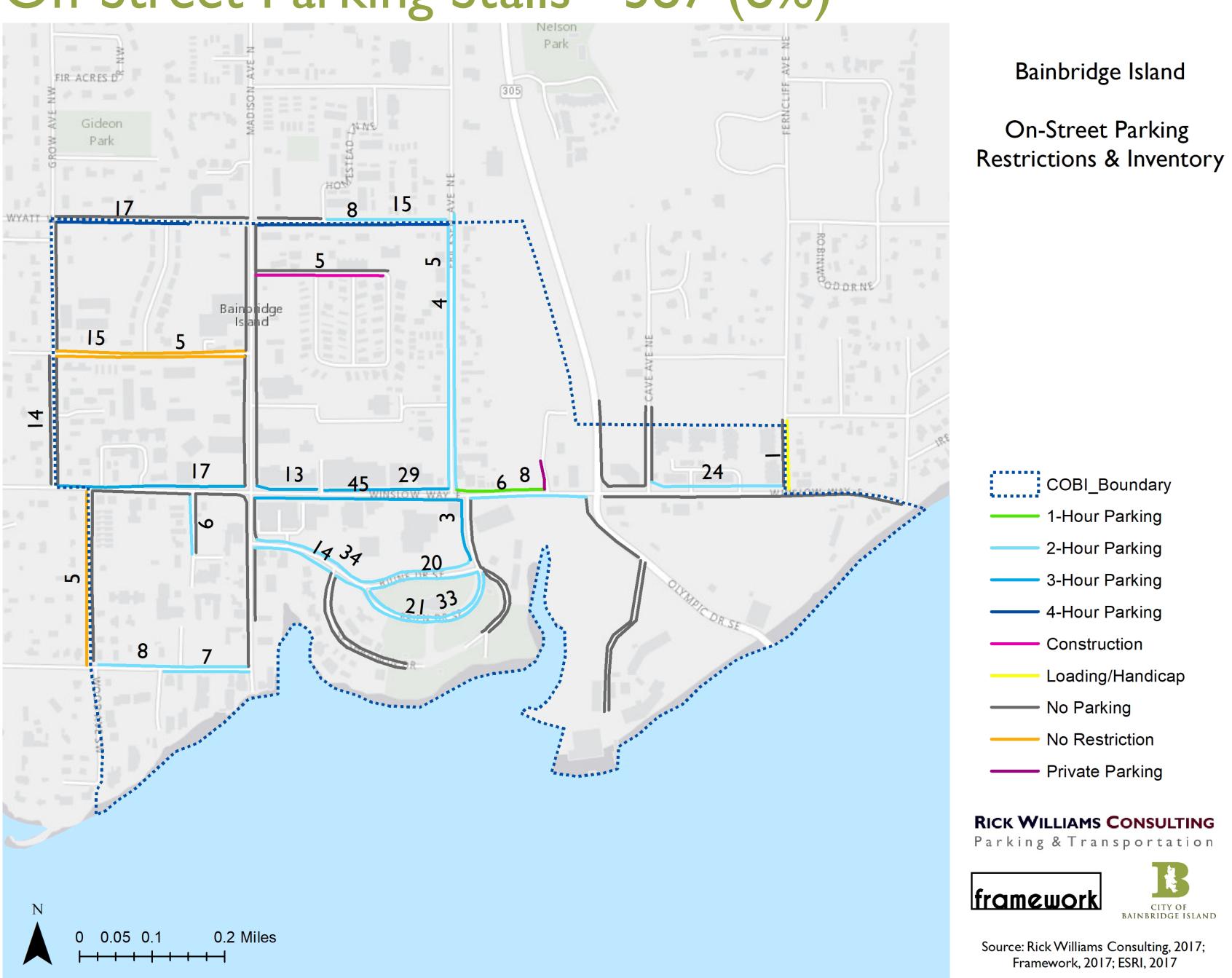
Detailed survey results can be found in the Survey Summary on the project webpage:

http://www.bainbridgewa.gov/937/ Downtown-Parking-Study

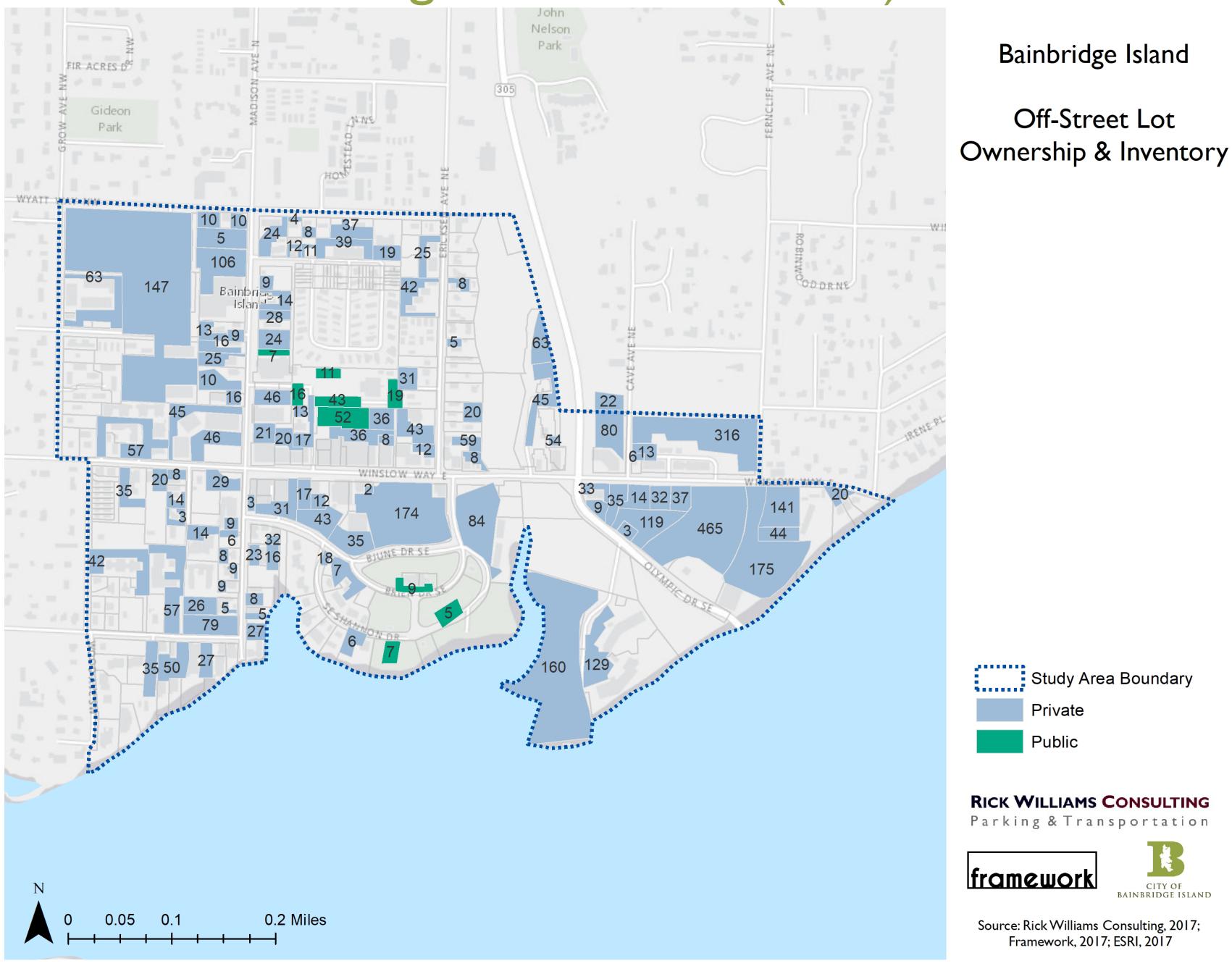


## Parking Inventory

On-Street Parking Stalls - 387 (8%)



Off-Street Parking Stalls - 4,469 (92%)

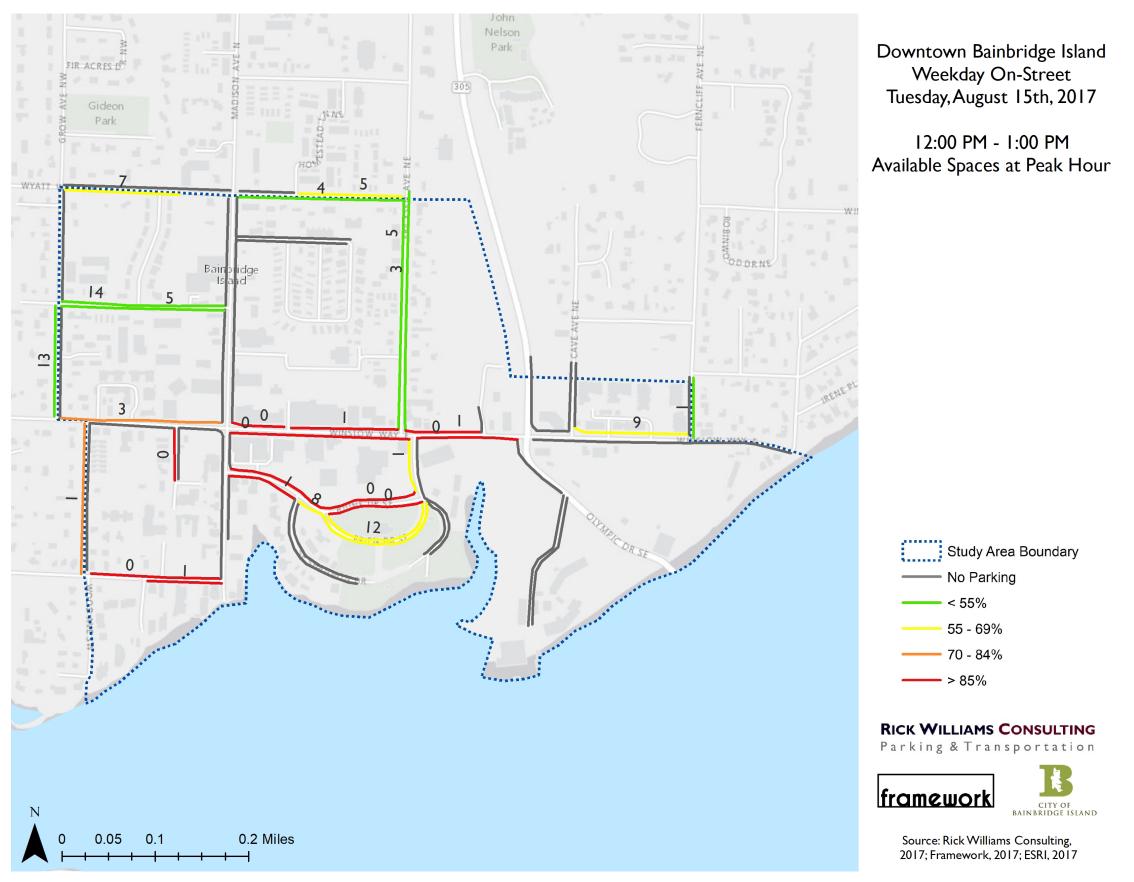




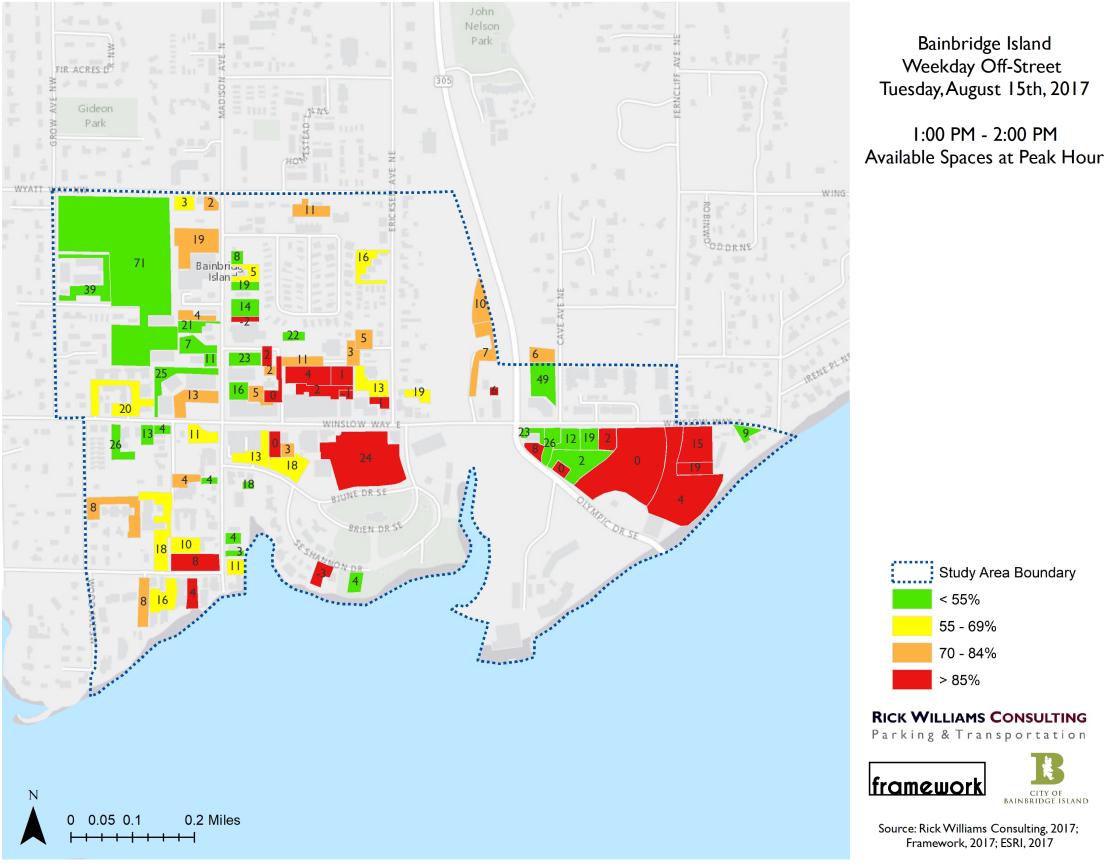


## Data Collection - Weekday

#### On-Street Peak Occupancy (75.1%)



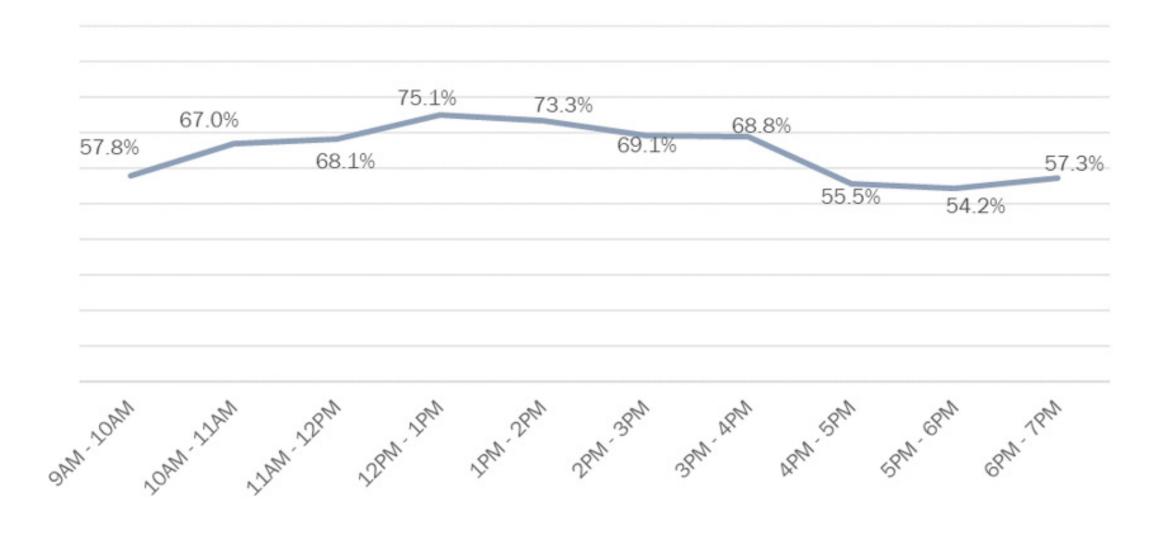
### Off-Street Peak Occupancy(74.4%)



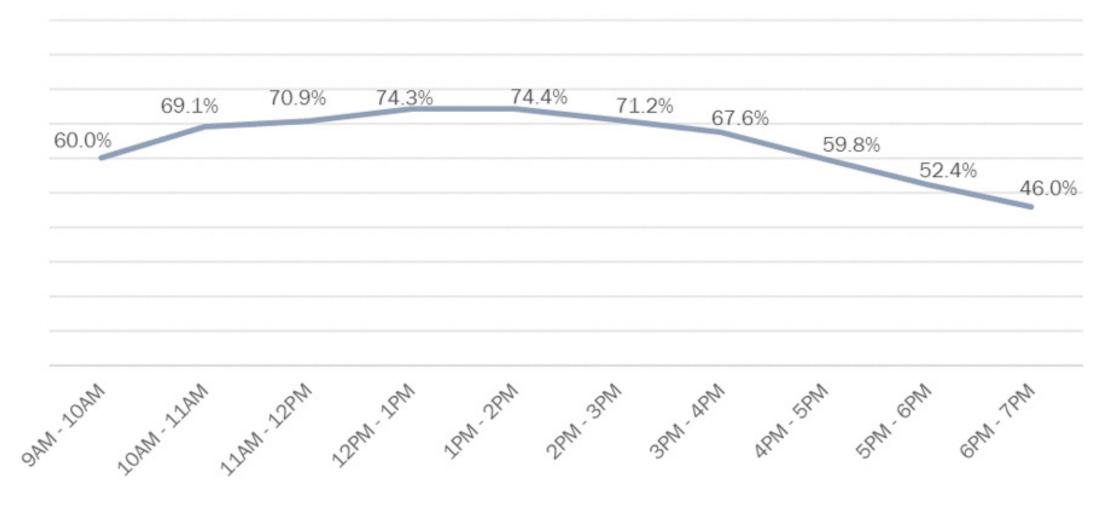
### **Parking Behavior**

- » 31 Vehicles "Moving to Evade"
- » Average On-Street Vehicle Turnover - 5.15 Times
- » Average On-Street Vehicle Duration:
  - 1-Hour/56 Minutes for all vehicles
  - 1-Hour/42 Minutes for non-permitted vehicles

#### **On-Street Occupancy Trends**



### Off-Street Occupancy Trends



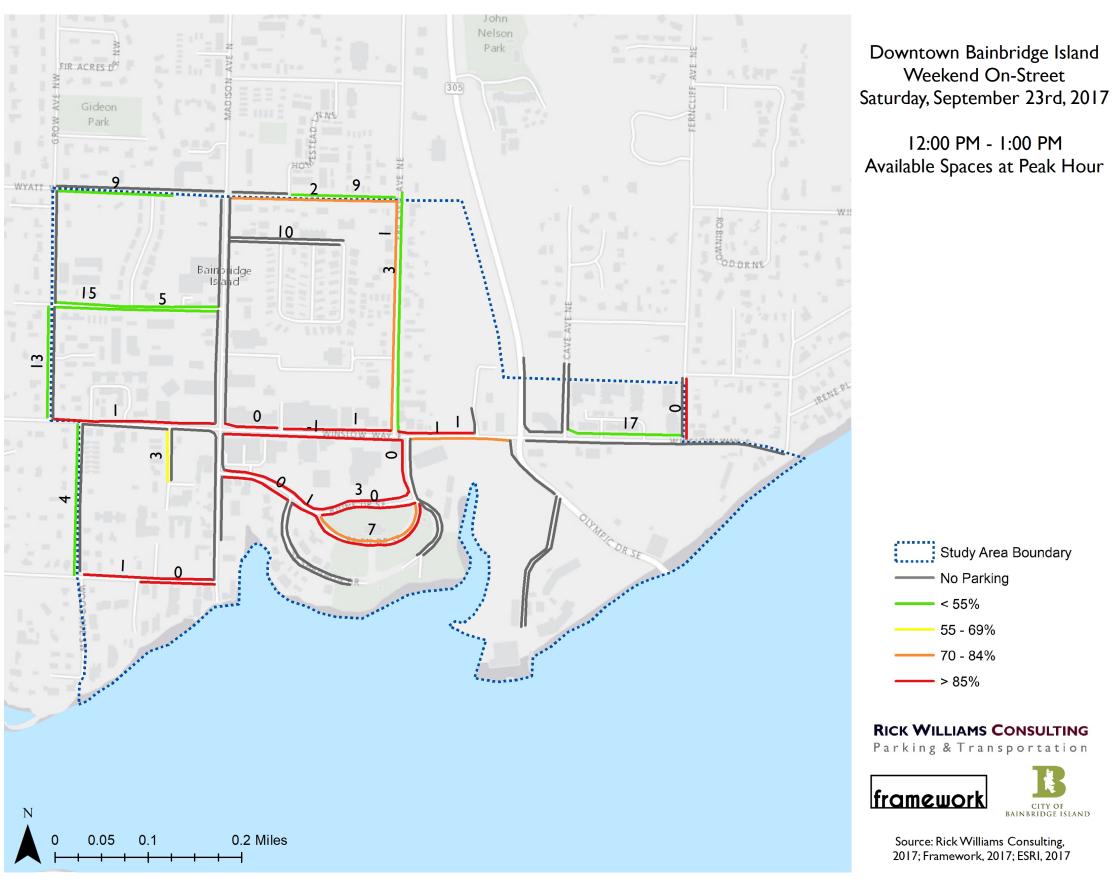
» Violation Rate 8.6%



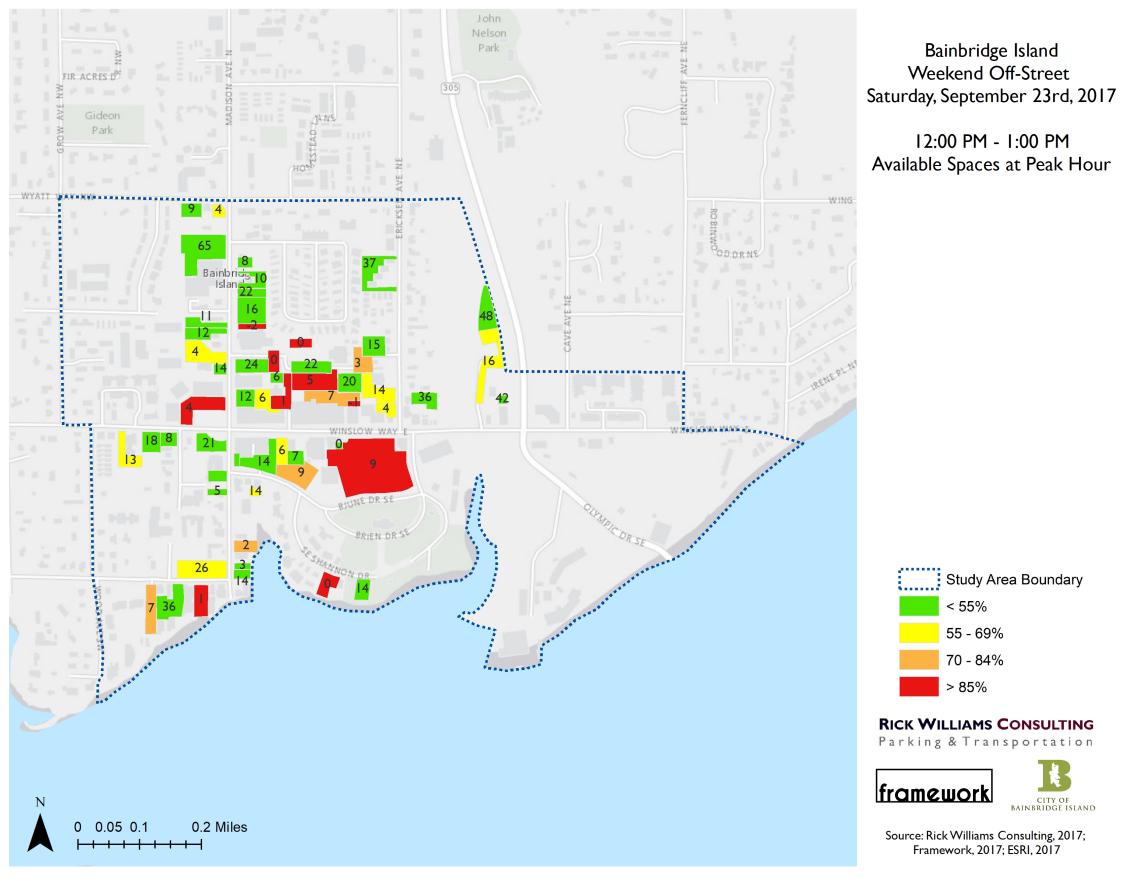


## Data Collection - Weekend

#### On-Street Peak Occupancy (74.3%)



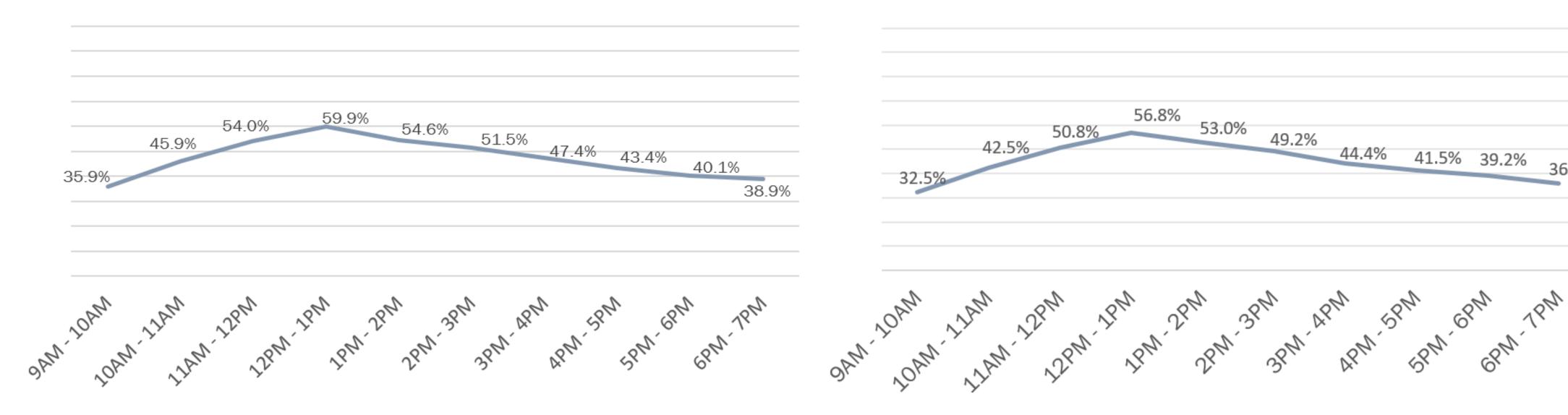
### Off-Street Peak Occupancy (56.8%)

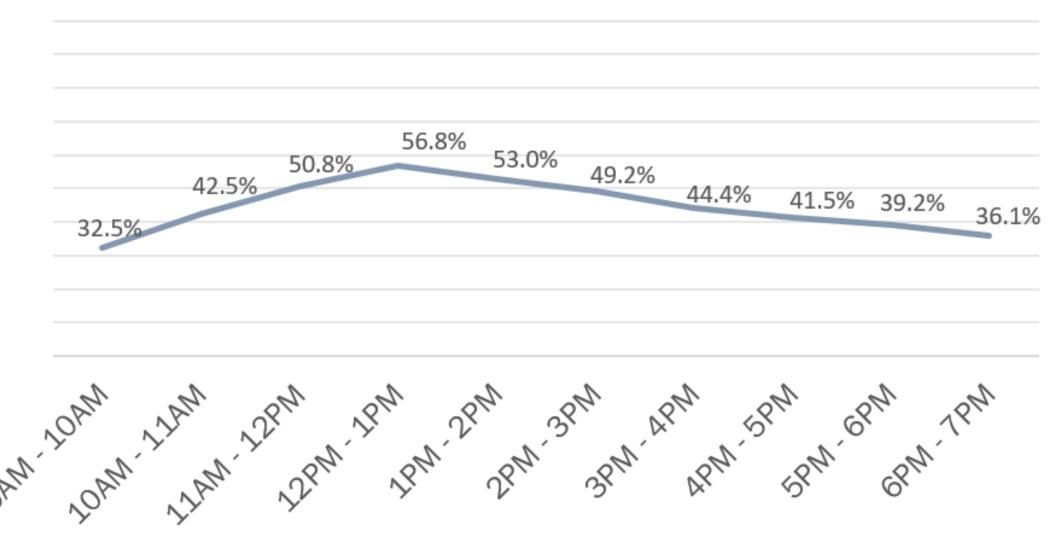


### **Parking Behavior**

- » 30 Vehicles "Moving to Evade"
- » Average On-Street Vehicle Turnover - 5.37 Times
- » Average On-Street Vehicle Duration:
  - 1-Hour/52 Minutes for all vehicles
  - 1-Hour/44 Minutes for non-permitted vehicles

#### Off-Street Occupancy Trends On-Street Occupancy Trends





» Violation Rate 9.7%





# Parking Strategy Concepts

Strategy	Purpose	Data Findings + Description
#1 Simplify management of the on-street system through consistent time limits of 2 or 3-hours.	limits for on-street parking ranging from	Average vehicle stays are less than two hours for all on-street stalls. Parking stalls turnover about 5 times per day. Both the turnover and time stays are healthy for a Downtown.
#2 Assess the feasibility of an off-street shared parking program to increase parking options and access to Downtown.	used because they are restricted to certain parking users (i.e. customers for a specific business). People often visit Downtown to visit multiple destinations and a shared parking program can increase access to	The peak use of the off-street system was about 75%. At peak use there were approximately 1,150 parking stalls not being used.
#3 Invest in programs and facilities to increase non-motorized and transit access (including by ferry) to Downtown.	Downtown. Access by foot, bicycle, bus, or ferry decreases parking demand and may	Kitsap Transit is currently working on a systems plan that may change service to and from Downtown. The City also has the unique opportunity to bring people to Downtown by Ferry without a vehicle.
#4 Assess the feasibility of adding on-street parking by converting streets to one-way travel.	adding on-street parking may be feasible	The existing on-street parking system of 387 on-street parking stalls is relatively small for a Downtown in a City with the population of Bainbridge Island's.
#5 Assess the feasibility of adding on-street parking by improving current streets.	,	As with strategy #4, the existing on-street parking system of 387 on-street parking stalls is limited.
#6 Revise the Employee Parking Program.	provides relatively inexpensive permits for employees to park in prime locations in	Many permitted vehicles were observed during data collection including on-street on weekends when permits are not supposed to be in effect. Options to revise the program may include a shared parking program, permit price increases, reduced transit pass prices, and additional permitted on-street parking locations.
#7 Assess the feasibility of building new parking supply.	expensive. Depending on the feasibility of other parking strategies to increase the	Parking demand is high in the Downtown. Depending on the success of other strategies the City could consider the feasibility of adding new parking supply including the costs and benefits.

parking, including potentially a public parking

garage.

